

# **Conflict of Interest Policy for Southern Nevada Anthropomorphic Events**

## **Article 1 – Purpose**

The purpose of the conflict of interest policy is to protect the interests of Southern Nevada Anthropomorphic Events (the “Organization”) when it is contemplating entering into a transaction or arrangement that might benefit the private interest of an officer or director of the Organization or might result in a possible “excess benefit transaction”. This policy is intended to supplement but not replace any applicable state and federal laws governing conflict of interest applicable to non-profit and charitable Organizations.

## **Article 2 – Definitions**

### **Section 2.01 – Board-delegated Committee**

A Board-delegated committee is a committee which has been delegated relevant powers by the Board of Directors of the Organization (“the Board”).

### **Section 2.02 – Interested Person**

Any director, officer, or Board-delegated committee member who has a direct or indirect financial interest, as defined below, is an Interested Person.

### **Section 2.03 – Financial Interest**

A person has a financial interest if the person has, directly or indirectly, through business, investment, or family:

1. An ownership or investment interest in any entity with which the Organization has a transaction or arrangement,
2. A compensation arrangement with the Organization or with any entity or individual with which the Organization has a transaction or arrangement, or

3. A potential ownership or investment interest in, or compensation arrangement with, any entity or individual with which the Organization is negotiating a transaction or arrangement.

## **Section 2.04 – Compensation**

Compensation includes direct and indirect remuneration as well as gifts or favors that are not insubstantial. A financial interest is not necessarily a conflict of interest. Under Section 3.02, a person who has a financial interest may have a conflict of interest only if the Board of Directors decides that a conflict of interest exists.

# **Article 3 – Procedures**

## **Section 3.01 – Duty to Disclose**

In connection with any actual or possible conflict of interest, an interested person must disclose the existence of the financial interest and be given the opportunity to disclose all material facts to the directors and members of Board-delegated committees considering the proposed transaction or arrangement.

## **Section 3.02 – Determining Whether a Conflict of Interest Exists**

1. After disclosure of the financial interest and all material facts, and after any discussion with the interested person, the Interested Person shall leave the Board or Board-delegated committee meeting while the determination of a conflict of interest is discussed and voted upon. The remaining Directors shall decide if a conflict of interest exists.
2. **Procedures for Addressing the Conflict of Interest**
  - a. An interested person may make a presentation at a Board of Directors or delegated Board-delegated committee meeting, but after the presentation, they shall leave the meeting during the discussion of, and the vote on, the transaction or arrangement involving the possible conflict of interest.
  - b. The chair of the Board of Directors or Board-delegated committee shall, if appropriate, appoint a disinterested person or call for the creation of a committee to investigate alternatives to the proposed transaction or arrangement.
  - c. After exercising due diligence, the Board or Board-delegated committee shall determine whether the Organization can obtain, with reasonable

efforts, a more advantageous transaction or arrangement from a person or entity that would not give rise to a conflict of interest.

- d. If a more advantageous transaction or arrangement is not reasonably possible under circumstances not producing a conflict of interest, the Board of Directors or Board-delegated committee shall determine by a majority vote of the disinterested directors whether the transaction or arrangement is in the Organization's best interest, for its own benefit, and whether it is fair and reasonable. In conformity with the above determination it shall make its decision as to whether to enter into the transaction or arrangement.

### **3. Violations of the Conflicts of Interest Policy**

- a. If the Board of Directors has reasonable cause to believe a member has failed to disclose actual or possible conflicts of interest, it shall inform the member of the basis for such belief and afford the member an opportunity to explain the alleged failure to disclose.
- b. If, after hearing the Interested Person's response and after making further investigation as warranted by the circumstances, the Board of Directors determines the Interested Person has failed to disclose an actual or possible conflict of interest, it shall take appropriate disciplinary and corrective action.

## **Article 4 – Records of Proceedings**

1. The minutes of the Board of Directors and all Board-delegated committees shall contain:
  - a. The names of the persons who disclosed or otherwise were found to have a financial interest in connection with an actual or possible conflict of interest, the nature of the financial interest, any action taken to determine whether a conflict of interest was present, and the decision made by the Board of Directors or Board-delegated committee as to whether a conflict of interest in fact existed.
  - b. The names of the persons who were present for discussions and votes relating to the transaction or arrangement, the content of the discussion, including any alternatives to the proposed transaction or arrangement, and a record of any votes taken in connection with the proceedings.

## **Article 5 – Compensation**

1. A voting member of the Board of Directors who receives compensation, directly or

indirectly, from the Organization for services is precluded from voting on matters pertaining to that member's compensation.

2. A voting member of any committee whose jurisdiction includes compensation matters and who receives compensation, directly or indirectly, from the Organization for services is precluded from voting on matters pertaining to that member's compensation.
3. No voting member of the Board of Directors or any Board-delegated committee whose jurisdiction includes compensation matters and who receives compensation, directly or indirectly, from the Organization, either individually or collectively, is prohibited from providing information to any committee regarding compensation.

## **Article 6 – Annual Statements**

1. Each director, principal officer and member of a Board-delegated committee shall annually sign a statement which affirms such person:
  - a. Has received a copy of this policy.
  - b. Has read and understands this policy,
  - c. Has agreed to comply with this policy, and
  - d. Understands the Organization is charitable and in order to maintain its federal tax exemption it must engage primarily in activities which accomplish one or more of its tax-exempt purposes.

## **Article 7 – Periodic Reviews**

1. To ensure the Organization operates in a manner consistent with charitable purposes and does not engage in activities that could jeopardize its tax-exempt status, periodic reviews shall be conducted. The periodic reviews shall, at a minimum, include the following subjects:
  - a. Whether compensation arrangements and benefits are reasonable, based on competent survey information, and the result of arm's length bargaining.
  - b. Whether partnerships, joint ventures, and arrangements with management organizations conform to the Organization's written policies, are properly

recorded, reflect reasonable investment or payments for goods and services, further charitable purposes and do not result in benefit, impermissible private benefit or in an excess benefit transaction.

## **Article 8 – Use of Outside Experts**

When conducting the periodic reviews as provided for in Article VII, the Organization may, but need not, use outside advisors. If outside experts are used, their use shall not relieve the Board of Directors of its responsibility for ensuring periodic reviews are conducted.

# ADOPTION OF CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY

I do hereby certify that the above stated Conflict of Interest Policy for Southern Nevada Anthropomorphic Events were approved and adopted by the board of directors on \_\_\_\_\_, 2020 and constitutes a complete copy of the Conflict of Interest Policy of the Organization.

Secretary \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_